

# Physics 240B: Homework Problem Set 1

Due: January 14, 2008

## 1. Number Operator Algebra. 10 points.

For a fermionic number annihilation operator  $a$  and its adjoint, the creation operator  $a^\dagger$ , the number operator is  $\hat{n} = a^\dagger a$ . Demonstrate that  $\hat{n}^2 = \hat{n}$ . [Note: two operators are equivalent if each of their matrix elements are identical.]

## 2. Second Quantization of a Two State System. 40 points.

Consider a system of fermions for which there are two single-particle states, call them  $A$  and  $B$ .

(i) **Obtain the matrix representations** of the creation/annihilation operators  $a, b$ , analogous to what was done for the one-state system in class.

(ii) find the representations of the product operators  $a^\dagger a, b^\dagger b, ab^\dagger$ . Provide an interpretation of the first two of these.

Recall that, for the one-state problem,

$$a = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad a^\dagger = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad N = a^\dagger a = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (1)$$

Note that, for two particles, there are four “configurations” (states in 2nd-quantizationland), corresponding to  $n_a = 0$  or 1,  $n_b = 0$  or 1. Your operators  $a, b$  should do exactly, and only, what you need them to do.

Hint: to begin, specify your states specifically and symbolically, call them

$$\phi_1 \leftrightarrow n_a = 0, n_b = 0,$$

$$\phi_2 \leftrightarrow n_a = 1, n_b = 0,$$

$$\phi_3 \leftrightarrow n_a = 0, n_b = 1,$$

$$\phi_4 \leftrightarrow n_a = 1, n_b = 1.$$

Then use what you know the the matrix elements need to be to construct the representations.