

2

2. Structure factor : $S_G = \sum_j^{\text{basis}} f_j \exp(-i \vec{G} \cdot \vec{F}_j)$

↑
atomic form factor

Reciprocal lattice $\vec{G} = \frac{2\pi}{a} (v_1 \hat{i} + v_2 \hat{j} + v_3 \hat{k})$ for s.c. lattice

(a) diamond

Use simple cubic as the conventional cell.

The basis consists of eight atoms with positions at

$$(0,0,0), \quad a\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 0\right), \quad a\left(\frac{1}{2}, 0, \frac{1}{2}\right), \quad a\left(0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right), \\ a\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right), \quad a\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right), \quad a\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}\right), \quad a\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow S_G = f \left[1 + e^{-i\pi(v_1+v_2)} + e^{-i\pi(v_1+v_3)} + e^{-i\pi(v_2+v_3)} \right. \\ \left. + e^{-\frac{i\pi}{2}(v_1+v_2+v_3)} + e^{-\frac{i\pi}{2}(3v_1+3v_2+v_3)} + \right. \\ \left. e^{-\frac{i\pi}{2}(3v_1+v_2+3v_3)} + e^{-\frac{i\pi}{2}(v_1+3v_2+3v_3)} \right]$$

$$= f \left[1 + e^{-i\pi(v_1+v_2)} + e^{-i\pi(v_1+v_3)} + e^{-i\pi(v_2+v_3)} \right] \times$$

$$\left[1 + e^{-\frac{i\pi}{2}(v_1+v_2+v_3)} \right]$$

$$= S_G(\text{fcc}) \left[1 + e^{-\frac{i\pi}{2}(v_1+v_2+v_3)} \right]$$

as in (b).

$$\text{Where } S_G(\text{fcc}) = f \left[1 + e^{-i\pi(v_1+v_2)} + e^{-i\pi(v_1+v_3)} + e^{-i\pi(v_2+v_3)} \right]$$